

The Wound boldly explores tradition and sexuality



5 Feb 2018

"The Wound was born out of a desire to push back against clichéd stereotypes of black masculinity perpetuated inside and outside of African cinema," says writer-director John Trengrove, whose critically acclaimed drama explores tradition and sexuality and is set amid the Xhosa rites of passage into manhood.

Directed from a screenplay by Trengrove, Thando Mgqolozana and Malusi Bengu, The Wound made its debut at the 2017's Sundance Film Festival, before opening the Berlin film festival's Panorama section; and is a ripe-for-controversy exploration of sexuality, more specifically, same-sex desire within the context of initiation schools.

In the film, Xolani, a lonely factory worker, joins the men of his community in the mountains of the Eastern Cape to initiate a group of teenage boys into manhood. When a defiant initiate from the city discovers his best kept secret, Xolani's entire existence begins to unravel.



Trengove is a Johannesburg based writer/director with an MFA in film from New York University. One of the Mail & Guardian's 200 Young South Africans, his career spans theatre, television, documentary, commercials and short film, and makes his feature film directorial debut with The Wound.

"As a white man, representing marginalised black realities that are not my own, the situation is of course complicated. Even highly problematic," says Trengrove in his director's note.

Entering the traditionalist world

"It was important to me that the story mirrors this problem. The character of Kwanda is an outsider to the traditional world; he expresses many of my own ideas about human rights and individual freedom. He's also the problem. His preconceptions create jeopardy and crisis for others who have much more to lose than him. This was my way of saying, "I don't have the answers and my own values don't necessarily apply here'.

"A film such as this cannot hope to provide solutions for the crisis faced by millions of queer people on the African continent and around the world. What it can do, however, is present the crisis for what it is – a deep and ever widening chasm. In writing The Wound, inspiration came, unexpectedly, from Robert Mugabe.

"Statements that he and other African leaders have made since the early 90s imply that homosexuality is a symptom of Western decadence that threatens 'traditional' culture. And so, we thought okay, let's use that idea. Let's imagine 'gayness' as a kind of virus that penetrates and threatens a patriarchal organism, and let's see how that organism responds to being penetrated."



John Trengrove talks about The Wound:

!!! What drew you to the subject matter?

I was interested in what happens when groups of men come together and organise themselves outside of society and the codes of their everyday lives. I wanted to show the intense emotional and physical exchanges that are possible in these spaces and how repressing strong feelings leads to a kind of toxicity and violence. As an outsider to this culture, it was important that I approach this story from the perspective of characters who are themselves outsiders, who struggle to conform to the status quo that they are a part of.

What was the process of writing The Wound?

We started with a lot of research, with time spent in the Eastern Cape, which is where the ritual is mostly practiced.

We listened to many testimonials and conversations with Xhosa men who had been through the ritual. Gay men, straight men, some urbanised and affluent, others from remote rural areas. These stories sparked our earliest ideas about the

narrative. Researching the ritual brought up conflicting feelings in me.

You hear stories about how it can be a breeding ground for homophobic and hyper-masculine behaviour. At the same time, I got to see first-hand the transformative effect it had on some men who went through it. In a world that is under-fathered, there is something profound about a ritual that shows a young boy his place in the world of men.



How do you navigate the politics of being a white filmmaker, depicting marginal characters with realities different than your own?

As much as possible, I tried to disrupt my own preconceptions. Like most middle-class audiences who watch the film, it would be easy for me to look at Xolani and say, here is a gay character who is repressed and deserves to be emancipated from his oppressive community and express himself as an individual.

I resisted those kinds of resolutions for his character and tried instead to present his problem for what it is; which is big and difficult, without clear answers. The character of Kwanda comes closest to expressing those values, but he's also the problem. His preconceptions create jeopardy and crisis for others who have much more to lose than him. This was my way of saying, 'I don't have the answers and my own values don't necessarily apply here.'

III Given the controversy of the ritual in South Africa, how do you think it will be received?

Ukwaluka is a taboo ritual, and representing it in the way we have is contentious. We knew from the start that we'd spark strong reactions from traditionalists; but there was also a lot of encouragement from a younger Xhosa generation who seems eager to break the silence around the initiation which is seen to perpetuate some of the dangers associated with it.

It's a vast and very nuanced practice and there remains a lot to be said about the ritual that is not my place to talk about — things that need to be said from within the culture. Hopefully, The Wound could spark some of that. Maybe a gay Xhosa kid will look at it one day and go, 'actually, that wasn't my experience at all', and be inspired to write his own story.

III How did you come to work with Thando Mgqolozana?

I approached Thando when I read his first novel A Man Who Is Not a Man, which deals with the initiation.

Meeting him was a turning point because he clearly got what I was trying to do. I don't think he was necessarily interested in working on a project about the initiation again, but he responded strongly to the idea of depicting alternative African masculinities. Thando wrote his own version of the treatment, filtering my ideas through his own experiences and opening up narrative possibilities within the frame of the ritual. We also collaborated on a short film, The Goat, based on a chapter from his novel.

III Can you describe your process on set?

We had a few rules that were there to help us stay connected to the truth. All the roles, including speaking extras, had to be first language Xhosa men who had their own first-hand experience of the ritual.

The only exception to this was Niza Jay Ncoyini, who plays Kwanda, which made sense because his character challenges and defies the ritual. The larger community of Xhosa men and elders in the film are all non-actors. We asked them to perform the different aspects of the ritual as they would do it, and to react to the rehearsed scenarios in any way they felt was right. If they didn't approve of a character's behaviour, they would say so during takes.

Sometimes we wouldn't call cut and scenes would just carry on and we'd be rolling as these men were offering up the most incredible material, completely unscripted. Bongile Mantsai, who played Vija is a very experienced theatre actor, was particularly good at encouraging this free flow interaction with the group. It was very exciting to watch and it really kept us on our toes. We shot the group scenes chronologically, in the order that they would happen in the ritual.



III On working with Nakhane Touré

I met Nakhane about two years ago and I was instantly a fan. I secretly started writing the lead character for him after our first meeting. Even though he didn't have any professional acting experience, I had a feeling that he would be hypnotic on

camera.

Nakhane is a fearless and multifaceted artist in his own right and understands intrinsically that you have to put yourself outside your comfort zone to do interesting work. He does this instinctively without blocking or resisting and allows himself to be very vulnerable and honest in front of the camera. It's very rare to work with an actor like that.

III Can you speak about your collaboration with Urucu Media?

Until recently there was a shortage of South African film producers willing to take risks on non-formulaic projects. When I joined forces with Elias Ribeiro at Urucu Media, the first thing we decided was that this is exactly the niche the company would occupy.

We wanted to create a space for films like The Wound, to encourage original voices in local cinema that could hopefully also reach an international audience. People thought we were crazy when we started developing this film, but Elias's incredible optimism and ability to embrace less conventional ways of financing, particularly international co-production, meant that it finally got made.

Today, we are seeing more daring films coming out of South Africa, and I like to think Urucu has been a significant part of that shift.

For more on The Wound, visit www.writingstudio.co.za.

ABOUT DANIEL DERCKSEN

Daniel Dercksen has been a contributor for Lifestyle since 2012. As the driving force behind the successful independent training initiative The Writing Studio and a published film and theatre journalist of 40 years, teaching workshops in creative writing, playwriting and screenwriting throughout South Africa and internationally the past 22 years. Visit www.writingstudio.co.za

- 3 new local films and more at cinemas this May 29 Apr 2024
- Get ready for some great escapism in cinemas this April 3 Apr 2024
- What to expect at the cinema this March 27 Feb 2024
- Oscar fever brews: Here's what's at the cinemas this February 29 Jan 2024
- Top 10 films of 2023 28 Dec 2023

View my profile and articles...

For more, visit: https://www.bizcommunity.com